TABLE OF CONTENTS

- Color Atlas of Pharmacology
- At a glance
- Title Page
- Copyright
- Contents
- Preface
- Dedication
- General Pharmacology

1 History of Pharmacology

• 1.1 History of Pharmacology

2 Drug Sources

- 2.1 Drug and Active Principle
- 2.2 Plants as Sources of Effective Medicines
- 2.3 Human Proteins as Medicines
- 2.4 Drug Development
- 2.5 Drug Benefit Assessment
- 2.6 Congeneric Drugs and Name Diversity

• 3 Drug Administration

- 3.1 Oral Dosage Forms
- 3.2 Drug Administration by Inhalation
- 3.3 Dermatological Agents
- 3.4 Distribution in the Body

• 4 Cellular Sites of Action

4.1 Targets of Drug Action

5 Distribution in the Body

- 5.1 External Barriers of the Body
- 5.2 Blood-Tissue Barriers
- 5.3 Membrane Permeation
- 5.4 Drug Transporters
- 5.5 Distribution of Drugs
- 5.6 Binding of Drugs to Plasma Proteins

• 6 Drug Elimination

- 6.1 The Liver as an Excretory Organ
- 6.2 Biotransformation of Drugs
- 6.3 Drug Metabolism by CYP
- 6.4 Enterohepatic Circulation
- 6.5 The Kidney as an Excretory Organ
- 6.6 Presystemic Elimination

7 Pharmacokinetics

• 7.1 Drug Concentration in the Body

- 7.2 Time Course of Drug Concentration
- 7.3 Time Course during Repeated Dosing
- 7.4 Accumulation

8 Quantification of Drug Action

- 8.1 Dose-Response Relationship
- 8.2 Concentration-Effect Relationship
- 8.3 Concentration-Binding Curves

• 9 Drug-Receptor Interaction

- 9.1 Types of Binding Forces
- 9.2 Agonists-Antagonists
- 9.3 Enantioselectivity of Drug Action
- 9.4 Receptor Types
- 9.5 G-Protein-coupled Receptors
- 9.6 Plasma Concentration and Effect

• 10 Adverse Drug Effects

- 10.1 Adverse Drug Effects: Causes
- 10.2 Drug Allergy
- 10.3 Cutaneous Reactions
- 10.4 Pregnancy and Lactation
- 10.5 Genetic Variation of Drug Effects

11 Drug-independent Effects

- 11.1 Placebo Therapy.
- Systems Pharmacology

12 Sympathetic Nervous System

- 12.1 Function of the Sympathetic System
- 12.2 Structure of the Sympathetic Nervous System
- 12.3 Adrenoceptor Subtypes and Catecholamine Actions
- 12.4 Sympathomimetics
- 12.5 Indirect Sympathomimetics
- 12.6 α-Sympathomimetics, α-Sympatholytics
- 12.7 ß-Sympatholytics (ß-blockers)

13 Parasympathetic Nervous System

- 13.1 Parasympathetic Functions
- 13.2 Cholinergic Synapse
- 13.3 Parasympathomimetics
- 13.4 Parasympatholytics

14 Biogenic Amines

- 14.1 Dopamine
- 14.2 Histamine
- 14.3 Serotonin
- 14.4 Substance P and Amino Acids

- 15 Vasodilators
- 15.1 Vasodilators-Overview
- 15.2 Organic Nitrates
- 15.3 Calcium Antagonists
- 16 Inhibitors of the Renin-Angiotensin-Aldosterone System
- 16.1 ACE Inhibitors
- 17 Drugs Acting on Smooth Muscle
- 17.1 Drugs Acting on Smooth Muscle
- 18 Cardiac Drugs
- 18.1 Cardiac Drugs-Overview
- 18.2 Cardiac Glycosides
- 18.3 Antiarrhythmic Drugs
- 19 Antianemic Agents
- 19.1 Treatment of Anemias
- 19.2 Iron Compounds
- 20 Antithrombotic Agents
- 20.1 Thrombosis Therapy
- 20.2 Vitamin K Antagonists and Vitamin K
- 20.3 Heparin
- 20.4 Fibrinolytics
- · 20.5 Inhibitors of Platelet Aggregation
- 21 Plasma Volume Expanders
- 21.1 Plasma Volume Expanders
- 22 Drugs Used in Hyperlipoproteinemias
- 22.1 Lipid-lowering Agents
- 23 Diuretics
- 23.1 Diuretics-Overview
- 23.2 NaCl and Water Reabsorption in the Kidney
- 23.3 Diuretics of the Sulfonamide Type
- 23.4 Potassium-sparing Diuretics and Vasopressin
- 24 Water and Electrolyte Disorders
- 24.1 Water and Electrolyte Disorders
- 25 Gastrointestinal Tract
- 25.1 Treatment of Hyperacidity, Use of Laxatives
- 25.2 Antidiarrheal Agents
- 26 Drugs Affecting the Motor System
- 26.1 Motor System
- 26.2 Muscle Relaxants

- 27 Drugs for the Suppression of Pain (Analgesics).
- 27.1 Nociceptors and Pain Pathways
- 27.2 Eicosanoids
- 27.3 Antipyretic Analgesics
- 27.4 Local Anesthetics
- 27.5 Opioids

28 Drugs Acting on the Central Nervous System

- 28.1 General Anesthesia and General Anesthetic Drugs
- 28.2 Inhalational Anesthetics
- 28.3 Injectable Anesthetics
- 28.4 Anxiolytics
- 28.5 Pharmacokinetics of Benzodiazepines
- 28.6 Therapy of Depressive Illness
- 28.7 Therapy of Manic States
- 28.8 Therapy of Schizophrenia

29 Drugs Affecting the Endocrine System

- 29.1 Hypothalamic and Hypophyseal Hormones
- 29.2 Thyroid Hormone Therapy
- 29.3 Hyperthyroidism and Antithyroid Drugs
- 29.4 Glucocorticoid Therapy
- 29.5 Androgens, Anabolic Steroids, Antiandrogens
- 29.6 Follicular Growth and Ovulation
- 29.7 Oral Contraceptives
- 29.8 Antiestrogen and Antiprogestin Active Principles
- 29.9 Aromatase Inhibitors
- 29.10 Insulin Formulations
- 29.11 Treatment of Diabetes Mellitus
- 29.12 Type II Diabetes Mellitus
- 29.13 Oral Antidiabetic Drugs
- 29.14 Maintaining Calcium Homeostasis

30 Antibacterial Drugs

- 30.1 Drugs for Treating Bacterial Infections
- 30.2 Inhibitors of Cell Wall Synthesis
- 30.3 Pore Formers and Inhibitors of THF Synthesis
- 30.4 Inhibitors of DNA Function
- 30.5 Inhibitors of Protein Synthesis
- 30.6 Drugs for Treating Mycobacterial Infections

31 Antifungal Drugs

• 31.1 Drugs Used in the Treatment of Fungal Infections

32 Antiviral Drugs

- 32.1 Pharmacotherapy of Viral Infections
- 32.2 Drugs for the Treatment of HIV

33 Antiparasitic Drugs

• 33.1 Endo- and Ectoparasites

• 34 Tropical Diseases

- 34.1 Antimalarial Drugs
- 34.2 Other Tropical Diseases

• 35 Anticancer Drugs

- 35.1 Cytostatics
- 35.2 Interference with Cell Proliferation Signaling Pathways
- 35.3 Special Antineoplastic Drug Actions

36 Immune Modulators

- 36.1 Inhibition of Immune Responses.
- 36.2 Calcineurin Inhibitors, Sirolimus

37 Antidotes

37.1 Antidotes and Treatment of Poisoning

• 38 "Recreational" Drugs

- 38.1 Psychotomimetics
- 38.2 Tobacco and Nicotine
- 38.3 Consequences of Tobacco Smoking
- 38.4 Alcohol Abuse
- Therapy of Selected Diseases

39 Cardiovascular Diseases

- 39.1 Hypertension
- 39.2 Angina Pectoris
- 39.3 Antianginal Drugs
- 39.4 Acute Coronary syndrome-Myocardial Infarction
- 39.5 Congestive Heart Failure
- 39.6 Septic Shock

40 Neurological Diseases

- 40.1 Parkinson Disease
- 40.2 Epilepsy
- 40.3 Migraine
- 40.4 Emesis
- 40.5 Sleep Disorders

41 Eye Diseases

• 41.1 Glaucoma

• 42 Bone Disorders

• 42.1 Osteoporosis

• 43 Metabolic Disorders

- 43.1 Gout
- 43.2 Obesity

- 44 Immune Disorders
- 44.1 Atopy and Antiallergic Therapy
- 44.2 Bronchial Asthma
- 44.3 COPD
- 44.4 Rheumatoid Arthritis
- 44.5 Chronic Inflammatory Bowel Disease
- 44.6 Multiple Sclerosis
- Further Reading
- 45 Further Reading
- Glossary
- 46 Glossary
- Drug Index
- 47 Drug Index
- 47.1 Antibodies
- 47.2 Kinase Inhibitors
- 47.3 Drug Names → Trade Names
- 47.4 Trade Names → Drug Names
- Abbreviations
- 48 Abbreviations
- Subject Index.